

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, TUESDAY, JULY 26, 1904

LAST EDITION

WEATHER FOR SALT LAKE

THE METALS

## VAST THRONG TURNS OUT TO HONOR THE PIONEERS

Fifty-Seventh Anniversary of Their Arrival in Salt Lake Valley is Elaborately Celebrated.

Unique Parade, Speeches Full of Good Feeling, Reunions and Sports Mark the Day-Judge O. W. Powers and Apostle John Henry Smith Talk.

Lake yesterday as it has been cel- honored and respected. ebrated but few times in the history of Utah. The same sun that shone beautiful trees, flowers and grass made it a pleasure to be outdoors, and did their full share toward attracting the many thousands who assembled

beautiful trees, flowers and grass made it a pleasure to be outdoors, and did their full share toward attracting the many thousands who assembled.

Aside from the Jubilee and perhaps one other year, 1864, the celebration yesterday was on a broader scale than ever before. People began arriving in Liberty park at 4 o'clock in the morning. They built their campfires and cooked meals under the trees. They came from many miles on all sides of the city. Long before the hour set for the opening of the exercises every car leading to the park was crowded with people from the city and their visitors from many parts of the state. When the first division of the parade was ready to start fully 10,000 persons had assembled. Before the day was far spent it was estimated that this crowd had been augmented to between 15,000 and 20,000. It was a holiday crowd. Children in their Sunday clothes were everywhere; family reunions were

DIONEER day was celebrated in Salt | numerous; old age was everywhere

Parade Moves Promptly. The parade moved promptly on time years before, the same blue sky that who witnessed it. The ingenuity disbid them welcome to the valley, the endiess. The integrity with which the same gentle breeze that fanned the cheeks of the tired women and children were present as in the days of old. But were present as in the days of old. But produced had much to do with the success of the celebration, and proved valuable as an object lesson to the rising In Liberty park where the children and grand-children met to honor the memold and young, entered into the celery of the pathfinders, there was no bration is an indication that it will be

### PARADE PRONOUNCED WITHOUT SUPERIOR OF ITS KIND IN THE HISTORY OF UTAH

Never, not even in the great year of the jubilee, has there been seen in Salt Lake a better representation of the pioneers,—of their modes of living, of their outfits, of their privations, and of their ingenuity than circled through Liberty park in parade yesterday morning. There were the Land carts, the prairie schooners, the ox teams, the stage coach, the pony express, the prairie schooners, the ox teams, stage coach, the pony express, the ie cooking outfits, the beds of sick-tin the rough wagons, the women oats that had been singing the same

around the east drive, thence back to
the west side of the park making a
complete circuit of the park to the
point of starting and then up the center to the speakers' stand. It is estimated that at the time of the parade
there were 15,000 persons in the park.

The parade was in command of Major General R. T. Burton assisted by
able aides. In front were Chief of
police W. J. Lynch, Captain John B.
Burbidge and twelve patroimen. Foilowing these came the general and his
staff, followed by the Twenty-ninth
infantry band of twenty-seven pieces
under Major Cleveland. Captain
Briant H. Wells in command of two
companies of the Twent-ninth coming
next evoked applause. The entire
command from Fort Douglas was in
line in khaki uniforms. The beautiful regimental colors were cheered all
along the line.

men in the crowd, overcome by their feelings, were seen to sit down and weep.

All the details of the parade were carried out with fidelity. The march started in the southwest corner of Liberty park. The column wound around the east drive, thence back to the west side of the park making a working out with a display of the farmer's working outfit the west side of the park making a working and Bishop McKean.

It included some 200 persons. It led off with a team composed of a horse and cow hitched together and the first pioneers. The section included the utensite of the utensite of the middle period and wound up with a display of the farmer's working outfit of the present. day. The ninteenth

sturdy warriors. The veteran firemen were also in this section under command of Chief G. M. Ottinger. With their red shirts, and old firefighting apparatus of a by-gone period these old-timers made an interesting showing. Chief Wm. H. Bywater and Assistant Chief Charles E. Wood followed closely with some of the present-day fighting machines. Only two of these could be spared from the city for fear of a fire breaking out.

A little incident in connection with the Nauvoo Legion illustrated the spirit that dominated the whole day. President John R. Winder, who was a member of the organization in good standing, was riding along with his comrades when he caught sight of an old fellow who was having a hard time

Pioneer Day Parade Has Many Picturesque Aspects.



(Photos of "Old Sow" and women in costume by L. W. Smeltzer, Others by J. Frank Pickering.)

Some of the Symbolic Features of the Procession.

## EASTERN MEN

Ideal Manager For the Democratic Campaign This Year.

of the present. day. The ninteenth point of starting and then up the center to the speakers' stand. It is earlier to the speakers' stand. It is ea the suggestion was communicated that it was impossible for him to take the place. He pointed out that he was the one man who resigned from the executive committee in 1896 because he ton mill operatives here passed off quietcould not sopport the platform and candidate that rear.

Several of the leaders agreed with him on that point, but the effort has not been abandoned to bring about an arrangement which will place the management of the campaign in the hands of Senator Gorman or Mr. Sheehan.

Provident of the organization in good properties of the pregulation in good properties of the properti

## THIRTY THOUSAND MEN ARE OUT COMPELLED TO

WANT GORMAN Great Strike of the Cotton Mill Operators at Fall River. Desperate Struggle.

Kiao Rendered Untenable.

TENDED 15 MILES.

ONDON, July 25.-Cabling under date of July 24, the Daily Mail's matter. Newchuang correspondent de-

the with heavy losses on both sides, and which resulted in the Russian position at Ta Tehe Kiao being rendered untenable by reason of which they will be computed to the resulted in the resul scribes a fourteen hours' desperate bat-

"After two more hours of an inces-nt storm of shot and shell they swept

## ALLIED TRADES JOIN STOCK YARDS STRIKERS

All Union Men at the Packing Houses Except Engineers and Teamsters Out.

Latter Are Expected to Quit Work Today-Beginning of What Promises to be a Bitter Fight Between Capital and Organized Labor.

all the allied trades unions instructions all the allied trades unions employed at the different plants with the exception of the teamsters and the stationary engineers out on strike in sympathy with the butchers workmen, who quit work of any cylder

Donnelly's Statement. of the difficulty, he said, the teamster would undoubtedly join their brotheworkmen in their struggle for supremacy. According to Mr. Donnelly, to day's strike swelled the number

Both sides to the controversy declared tonight that they were perfectly satis-fied with the present state of affairs, and that they were willing to make it According to the packers, the general strike today was a fallure, it being claimed by them that over one-half themembers of the Allied Trades quit work when officially called out by their leaders this morning. The further statement was made by the packers.

with each other it means that all it sufficient resources to contest the ground for an indefinite period.

On the other hand, the leaders of the laborers assert that all the employes at the packing plants, together with several hundred at the Union stock yards, quit work today in response to the general opinion that they will never the general opinion of the the general opinion that they will never the grant working agreements with the pack.

TAKE BACK TRACK tice was given by the unions to the independent packers at the stock yards, that their men would not be allowed to handle animals which had been brought Russian Position at Ta Tche into the yards or handled in any way by non-union men. It is necessary for these independent concerns to take all of their livestock into their yards over Union stock yards runways where stock must be handled by non-union men, since the union men employed by DESPERATE BATTLE FOUGHT of work were among the employes who JAPANESE PIRING LINE EXThe ultimatum of the unions leaves the independent packers no alternative but to receive livestock directly from the country, or close down business entire-ly. A meeting of the independent pack-ers was held tonight to may out some plan of action, but no definite conclusion was reached. Another meeting will be held tomorrow to further discuss the

Conference Failed. warned seems to be the military to the plant, and the attempt to keep the military to keep th

No Concessions.

Immediately upon the return of the teamsters' committee to union head-quarters they entered into a conference War Office at St. Petersburg Can Only

Guess at Prospects.

St. Petersburg, July 25—(6.25 p. m.)

quarters they entered into a conference with the representatives of the Allied Trades to consider a proposition submitted to the unions by the representatives of the packers. In the restinguished to the unions of the packers. Guess et Prospects.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—(6:35 p. m.)—
The simultaneous movement of the Japanese against Ta Tche Kiao and their make entry. Persons whose names are drawn therespects in the most present of the lands and homestead entry therefor in the order of the drawing beginning with number 1.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—(6:35 p. m.)—
The simultaneous movement of the Japanese against Ta Tche Kiao and their move west from Saimatsaa may indicate that the Japanese have started a forward movement all along the line, but the war office's information has not yet established such a concerted advance. The general staff's dispatches in regard to the Japanese advance against Ta Tche Kiao is meager and incomplete. Fighting was still in progress according to the latter offered to change the time of reinstating all the strikers from forty-five days to thirty-five days. They made no concessions other than this, and 'this proposal was submitted to the Jonnelly of the butchers' union, however, refused to consider the proposal, and all hope of an immediate settle-web great strength it is not believed General Stakelberg will offer serious resistance.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—(6:35 p. m.)—
The simultaneous movement of the Japanese against Ta Tche Kiao and their move west from Saimatsaa may indicate that the Japanese against Ta Tche will be a concerted advance. The general staff's dispatches in regard to the Japanese advance against Ta Tche Kiao and their move west from Saimatsaa' may indicate that the Japanese advance are not concessions other than this, and 'this proposal was submitted to the unions by the representatives of the teamsters and the packers. In the meeting between the teamsters and the latter offered to change the time of reinstating all the strikers from forty-five days to thirty-five days to thirty-five days to thirty-five days to the latter of consider the packers. In the earmsters and the packers.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—(6:35 p. m.)—
The simultaneous movement of the latter of centers and the packers. I General Stakelberg will offer serious resistance.

In addition to the fighting west of Saimatsza the war office also has reports of a sharp movement July 22 and July 23 at Kan pass, northeast of Ta pass, on the Feng Wang Cheng-Hai bers of the national committee of the teamsters' union that his efforts to bring about peace today had been un-successful and asked their sanction for a sympathetic strike of the packing trades teamsters.

Must Have Permission.

"The men could strike without the permission of the international committee," said President Goiden, "but the strike would not be official and they could not depend upon the national organization for support. I will not call the strike without the approval

gotiations broken off and with my men strike it will be without m

fights between capital and labor in the history of America.

As here here threatened for some table of the continuous and the same transfer and the continuous and th in sympathy with us and it is absolutely impossible for the packers to secure sufficient skilled labor to carry

Worked Regular Time.

Despite the sympathetic strike today all the plants worked up to the regular time, although at a reduced capa city. At Armour & company's plant was claimed that k880 hogs, 700 cair and 200 sheep had been slaughter during the day. At the other s plants a corresponding amount of work was accomplished and it was predicted by all that tomorrow, there would be a decided increase in the number of animals slaughtered.

The recipts of live stock here today were unusually small teing but 3,000 cattle, 5,000 hogs and 8,000 steep.

About two-thirds of this stock was, disposed of to the packers and the remainder were placed in pens to be disposed of in tomorrow's market.

Must Sign Agreement,

More Non-Union Men.

majority of the men were taken to he plants of Armour & Co. and Nelson

These new arrivals, it was said by the packers' representatives, brought the nuraber of new employes distribed among the plants up to more than

stock yards during this afternoon and tonight were numerous. The police were on the alert, however, and in each case the rioters were dispersed before they had been able to seriously injure any of their intended victims.

"OPEN SHOP" POLICY.

Kansas City Packers Say They Can-Get Plenty of Men.

Kansas City, July 25.—The strike sit-uation looks very bright at the present time," said C. W. Armour tonight, "Pres-ident Donnelly ordered certain members of the allied trades to strike this morn-ing at 7 o'clock, and they refused to do it."

ing at 7 o'clock, and they refused to do it."

The word ordering out the members of the allied trades unions in this city, which was expected to come from Chicago this morning, failed to arrive, and the men continued to work as usual. It is the apparent intention of the local packing companies to adopt the "open shop" policy, and they contend that they will have won the oattle against the unions when they shall have secured a sufficient number of non-union men to restore the normal output of the various plants. The packers are confident in their belief that they will soon have as much non-union labor as they need.

The strikers refuse to discuss the strike situation. It is said that the labor leaders are reticent because they do not want their blane given subjects.

### COLLIDED WITH TRAIN

Street Car Demolished and Two Persons Killed and Several Others Injured.

The Dead. Samuel Romans, about 50 years old. Mrs. William J. Harris, colored, 40 years